

ABOUT STOO

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AGENDA

What we're going to cover:



- 1. Motion in VR
- 2. Attention in VR
- 3. Immersion and Embodiment in VR



Why don't we want to move the camera?

2 mins: Ponder this in your own head

3 mins: Share with a partner

3 mins: Share with the group

5 mins: #SCIENCE



Why don't we want to move the camera?

Ideas:

Lack of control due to agency (giving and taking away) creates conflict

Nausea

Equipment limitations for smooth movement - steady cam? inclusive to environment and the actors

THE SCIENCE OF LOCOMOTION IN VR

Perception of Self Motion

Vision

Vestibular function of the inner ear

Proprioceptive system in muscle joint receptors

Somatosensory system (nervous system)

Auditory information



THE SCIENCE OF LOCOMOTION IN VR

Vision



Vision is able to tell our brains how we are moving based on OPTIC FLOW

Unlike other senses, vision is the only sense that can register any type of motion

Warning: Next slide may induce perception of self motion





THE SCIENCE OF LOCOMOTION IN VR

Vection:

The illusory feeling of self-motion induced in stationary observers (caused by interference between optic flow and other senses)



There is usually a delay when experiencing vection of around 3-10 seconds.

Vection can also be induced after optic flow has ceased.

Self motion usually occurs in this order: Object > Object + self > self



RULES OF THUMB

Passive Movement

Passive movement (user not moving) usually results in vection and potential motion sickness

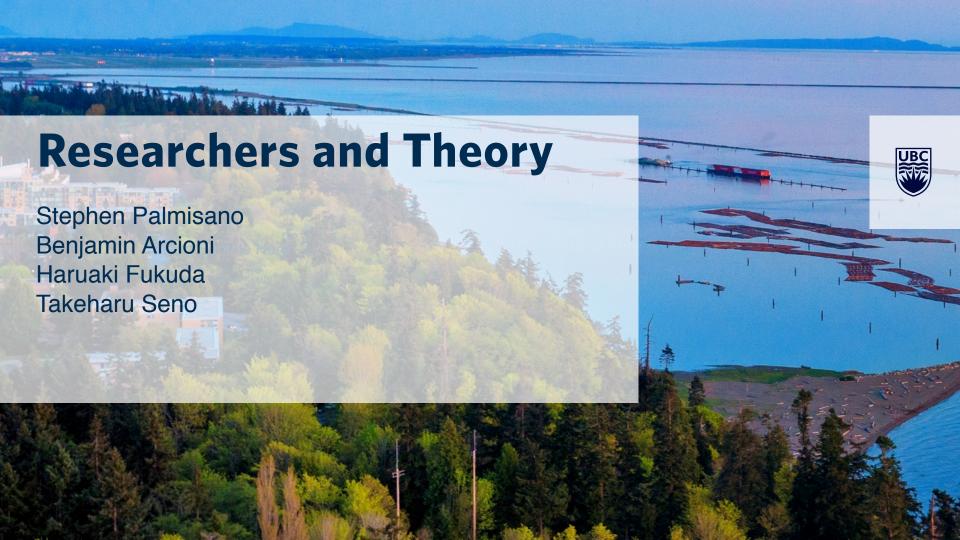
If you have to move, keep it slooooooow.

Active Movement



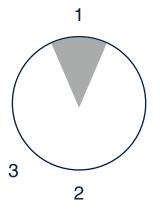
Active movement such as Roomscale experiences with motion tracking usually don't result in vection UNLESS, there are passive elements (Richie's Plank Experience)

*Many immersive VR experiences will use teleportation as a means to reduce vection





How can you direct attention in VR / 360 Video?



2 mins: Ponder this in your own head

3 mins: Share with a partner

3 mins: Share with the group

5 mins: #SCIENCE



How can you direct attention in VR / 360 Video?

Ideas:

3D audio, audio cues for exploration (sound without a visual source), light contrast in per (hotspots?), disruption of static scene with movement, pointing, other agents reaction, gestures, there should be a payoff (amiright?), focus point (blurs, contrast, etc.), tell them, arrow.

We are evolutionarily predisposed to integrate certain knowledge.

Biologically Primary Knowledge

Folk Psychology
Folk Physics
Folk Biology

Biologically Secondary Knowledge

Anything we need school for



We are evolutionarily predisposed to integrate certain knowledge.

Biologically Primary Knowledge

Folk Psychology

Language Acquisition, Body Language, Social Cues

Folk Physics

Object Motion, velocity, trajectory, etc.

Folk Biology

Classification of plants and animals, colour meanings, etc.



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Biologically Primary Knowledge

can be leveraged to support the acquisition of

Biologically Secondary Knowledge



RULES OF THUMB

Visual

Use pointing gestures

Eye gaze also helps

Objects as reference

360 Video cues (arrows, icons, etc.)

Auditory

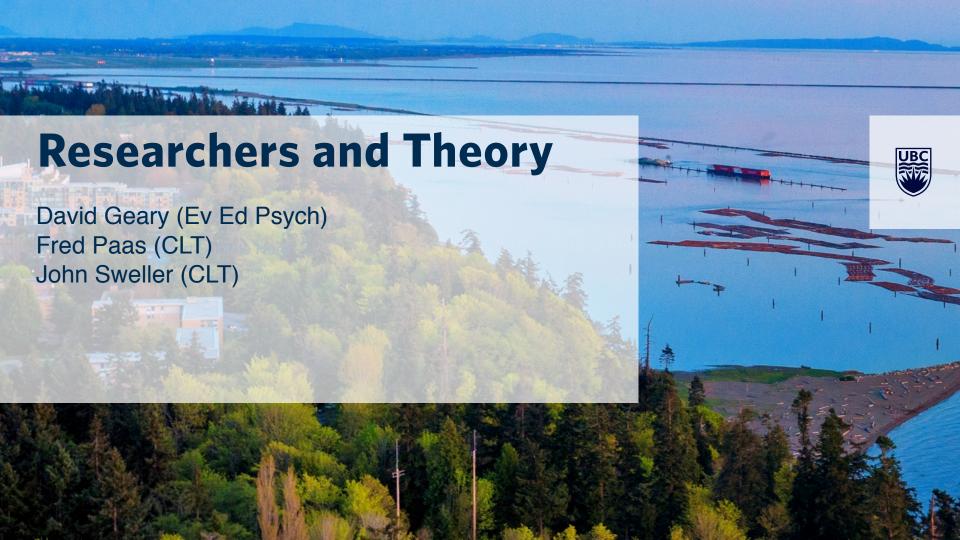


Use Landmarks and other markers

Verbalize direction they need to turn

Don't rely on '3D sound'

NOTE: Remember to think about users who may be deaf or hard of hearing





How might VR affect our perception of:

- our bodies?
- our environment?
- our actions?
- others' experiences?

How might these change based on the type of tech we're using? (VR/AR/MR/360 video)?



How might VR affect our perception of:

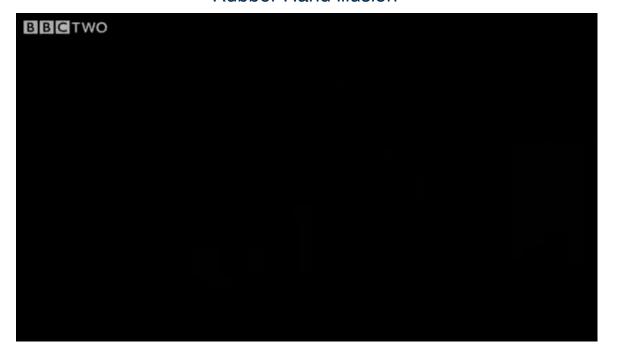
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Ideas:

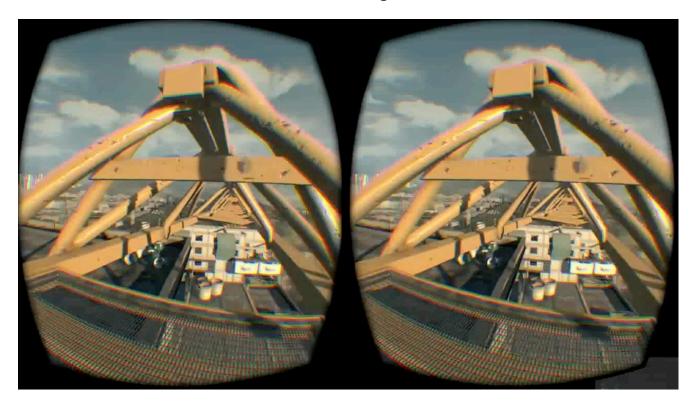
Memory IRL vs Virtual, cultural understandings may shift, regrouping us in reality, potential to separate ourselves from 'the real', promote creativity and imagination, improve problem solving by 'extending' reality, watching vs experiencing.

Rubber Hand illusion





Fear of Heights





What about empathy?









Which Lens are we looking through?

Avatar or Self? (First or Third Person)

Uncanny Valley?

Metaphorical control mechanisms?

Context of the environment - screen or HMD?



Are our users observers or participants?

Do we want them to feel the moral or psychological effects of the experience?

360 Video reporting from al-Qasr, Aleppo, Syria https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VI4sPuwvOVk

Battle of Waterloo https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bj1aVW3LuVo

WWI Experience - VR? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AJ6c0v7mzAw

A Letter from the Trenches https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m7h4XuvLrmg



Question to consider when choosing / creating:

Does the level of immersion / embodiment exist on a spectrum?



RULES OF THUMB

When creating 360 Videos, be mindful of...

UBC WAR

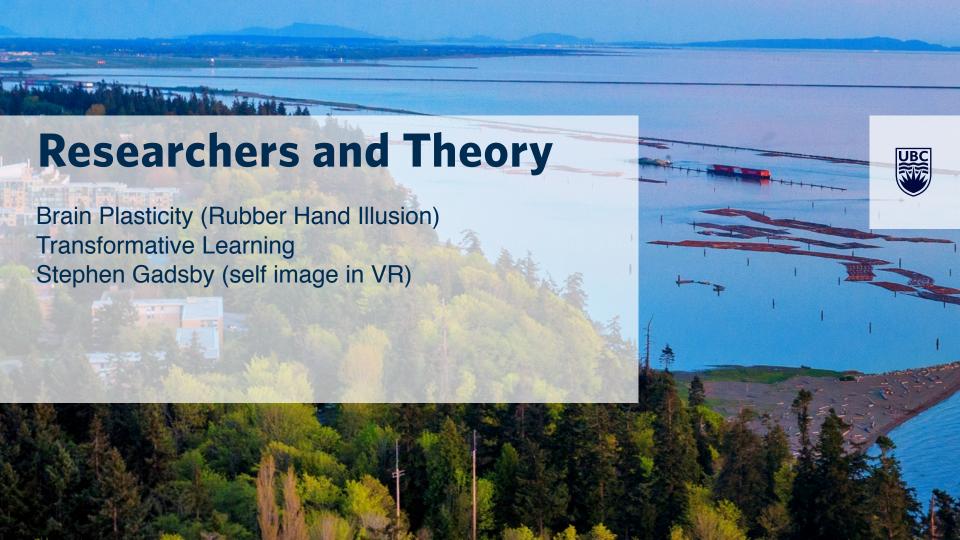
Potential effects on self image

Whether user will be observer or participant

How a dramatisation in either role may affect learners

How a choice in technology may affect all of the above

NOTE: Disclaimers are always good.





NOTE ON FILMING

Backup plans are good. Shoot some 360 photos in case your footage turns out to be less than Citizen Kane.

QUESTIONS? COMMENTS?



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